

When Native Birth Conveys Nothing

Jus Sanguinis (the law of blood) is U.S. Federal law by the Fourteenth Amendment

The Chairman of the House Judiciary Committee, James F. Wilson of Iowa, wrote in 1866: "We must depend on the general law recognized by all nations relating to citizens for a definition, and that must lead us to the conclusion that every person born in the United States is a natural-born citizen of such States, except that of children born on our soil to temporary sojourners or representatives of foreign Governments." *

["Temporary sojourners" like transient aliens were a description applied to aliens other than **resident** aliens. The difference being temporary aliens were here for *temporary purposes*, such as work, travel, visitation or school,"]

"When children inherit the citizenship of their father, they become a natural-born citizen of the nation their father belongs to regardless of where they might be born. Citizenship through descent from the father was recognized by U.S. Naturalization law whereby children became citizens themselves as soon as their father had become a naturalized citizen, or were born in another country to a citizen father."

Children are subject to the jurisdiction of their father. If the father is subject to U.S. Federal jurisdiction by permanent residency, then by the principle of jus sanguinis his children are likewise subject through their hereditary connection to him. That is transmitted two ways.

If he is un-naturalized then children born to him in the U.S. are automatically subject also and are

naturalized at birth by the 14th Amendment. They are citizens by automatic naturalization. But they are not citizens *by birth* to him because he is not a citizen.

If he becomes a citizen by naturalization, then children born to him abroad, prior to immigration, are automatically naturalized also by jus sanguinis citizenship inheritance. They are not forced to wait until they are adults and then also go through the process to be naturalized. Instead that status of the father is applied simultaneously to his foreign born children via jus sanguinis. When they arrive in America to join him, they arrive as full U.S. citizens even though born as natural citizens of their native country.

If he is naturalized then his children born in America are born as natural American citizens by descent, by inheritance from him.

["The American naturalization process required all males to twice renounce all allegiances with other governments and pledge their allegiance to this one alone before finally becoming a citizen."]

The Attorney General of the United States, George Williams, ruled in 1873 that the word "jurisdiction" under the Fourteenth Amendment "must be understood to mean absolute and **complete** jurisdiction, such as the United States had over its citizens..." He added,

"Political and military rights and duties do not pertain to anyone else." [excluding all foreign diplomats, visitors, and Native Americans]

Since citizens owe full allegiance to no nation other than their own, and temporary allegiance to a foreign nation only if they've taken up permanent

legal residence in it, to argue that one's mere physical presence within a foreign nation (thereby being subject to the universal authority of the nation's civil law) makes all outsiders subject to the political and possibly military jurisdiction of that nation, is absurd because being subject to another nation's civil laws while visiting makes no change to a foreigner's allegiance and obligations to his own native country.

Obama Sr. was not subject to US jurisdiction since he was a foreign visitor with a student visa, so therefore his son's birth within the U.S. was not covered by the 14th Amendment because he also was subject to the authority of his father's nation. The subjection that one is born under is determined by the status of one's father, and Obama's father remained subject to the authority of Britain and its Nationality Act of 1948.

Obama's native birth (still unproven since no certified, authenticated, physical hard-copy has been shown) is irrelevant because his birth to an alien visitor left him *not* subject to U.S. jurisdiction.

Therefore, Obama is subject to these truths:

1. No one born to an alien father was born a natural citizen.
2. No one not in the United States on a legal permanent basis is subject to the full political and military jurisdiction of the United States.
3. No one born to a father who is/was not subject to the full political and military jurisdiction of the United States at birth is a 14th Amendment citizen.
4. No one whose citizenship is outside the 14th Amendment is a natural citizen, nor a constitutional citizen, but instead is a statutory citizen . **

5. No one who is a citizen by statute is a natural citizen. (Obama's citizenship is solely through his mother, -by naturalization statute.)

6. Citizens like Marco Rubio, born to foreign immigrants, *are* 14th Amendment citizens, but not natural citizens. Only those born to Americans are "natural born citizens".

7. No one who is not a natural citizen (a citizen *by* birth, not merely *at* birth) is eligible to be the President of the United States.

by a.r. nash sept 2011 <http://obama--nation.com>
<http://obamabc.wordpress.com>
http://photobucket.com/obama_bc

http://www.federalistblog.us/2008/11/natural-born_citizen_defined/

* Chairman Wilson ineptly overlooked an entire third class of persons born in the United States, and that class is those born to foreigners who are not merely visitors, nor foreign representative, but are domiciled new residents and therefore subject to the full political authority of Washington. He states that "every person born in the United States is a natural-born citizen" but then he goes on to explain precisely why they are *not* natural born American citizens, -an odd display of cognitive dissonance by which he contradicts his previous overly-broad assertion. Such is the history of confused and confusing statements by "statesmen" on the subject of citizenship.

** The federal government is oblivious to these facts and blindly assumes and assigns citizenship in a brain-dead manner that only recognizes place-of-birth, and is therefore unconstitutional in the legal application of citizenship authority by ignoring the meaning and requirement of U.S. "jurisdiction".